



PURSUANT TO KRS 424.290, “MATTERS REQUIRED TO BE PUBLISHED,” THE FOLLOWING RACES AND QUESTIONS WILL APPEAR ON THE VOTING MACHINES AND PAPER BALLOTS IN THE PRECINCTS LISTED IN HICKMAN COUNTY FOR THE GENERAL ELECTION, NOVEMBER 8, 2022.

STRAIGHT PARTY

☐ Republican Party



☐ Democratic Party



UNITED STATES SENATOR

(Vote for One)

☐ Rand PAUL

Republican Party

☐ Charles BOOKER

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE in CONGRESS

1st Congressional District

(Vote for One)

☐ James R. COMER

Republican Party

☐ Jimmy C. AUSBROOKS

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

STATE REPRESENTATIVE

1st Representative District

(Vote for One)

☐ Steven Jack RUDY

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

CIRCUIT CLERK

(Unexpired Term)

(Vote for One)

☐ Melanie DOWDY

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

PROPERTY VALUATION ADMINISTRATOR

(Vote for One)

☐ Amanda McClure BALLANTINE

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

COUNTY JUDGE/EXECUTIVE

(Vote for One)

☐ Kenny WILSON

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

COUNTY ATTORNEY

(Vote for One)

☐ Jason BATTS

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

COUNTY CLERK

(Vote for One)

☐ James "Jimbo" BERRY

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

SHERIFF

(Vote for One)

☐ Ben NATIVIDAD

Republican Party

☐ Eugene MORRIS

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

JAILER

(Vote for One)

☐ Bobby HOPKINS

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

CORONER

(Vote for One)

☐ Paula L. BOAZ

Democratic Party

☐

Write-in

COUNTY SURVEYOR

(Vote for One)

☐

Write-in

MAGISTRATE

1st Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐ Henry COLE

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

CONSTABLE

1st Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐

Write-in

MAGISTRATE

2nd Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐ Kory Anthony NARANJO

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

CONSTABLE

2nd Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐

Write-in

MAGISTRATE

3rd Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐ Irvin W. STROUD

Republican Party

☐

Write-in

CONSTABLE

3rd Magisterial District

(Vote for One)

☐

Write-in

NONPARTISAN JUDICIAL BALLOT

(Vote for One in Each Division)

JUDGE of the SUPREME COURT

1st Supreme Court District

(Vote for One)

☐ Christopher Shea NICKELL

☐

Write-in

JUDGE of the COURT of APPEALS

1st Appellate District

1st Division

(Vote for One)

☐ Chris McNEILL

☐

Write-in

JUDGE of the COURT of APPEALS

1st Appellate District

2nd Division

(Vote for One)

☐ Donna L. DIXON

☐

Write-in

CIRCUIT JUDGE

1st Judicial Circuit

(Vote for One)

☐ Timothy A. LANGFORD

☐

Write-in

DISTRICT JUDGE

1st Judicial District

(Vote for One)

☐ Mark Stephen MEDLIN

☐

Write-in

NONPARTISAN

"SCHOOL CANDIDATES"

MEMBER BOARD of EDUCATION

1st Educational District

(Vote for One)

☐ Caleb DEWEESE

☐

Write-in

MEMBER BOARD of EDUCATION

4th Educational District

(Vote for One)

☐ Klint KIMBELL

☐

Write-in

NONPARTISAN CITY BALLOT

MAYOR

City of Clinton

(Vote for One)

☐ Howard DILLARD

☐ John KELLY

☐ Tommy KIMBRO

☐

Write-in

CITY COUNCIL

City of Clinton

(Vote for up to Six)

☐ Laura POOLE

☐ Brandi DUKE

☐ Austin TERRY

☐ Wynita M. DILLARD

☐ Phyllis CAMPBELL

☐ Joshua PEYTON

☐ Jerome JENKINS

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

MAYOR

City of Columbus

(Vote for One)

☐ Kay FERGUSON

☐

Write-in

CITY COUNCIL

City of Columbus

(Vote for up to Six)

☐ Chandra SCHLEPER

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

☐

Write-in

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT #1

“Are you in favor of amending the present Constitution of Kentucky to repeal sections 36, 42, and 55 and replace those sections with new sections of the Constitution of Kentucky to allow the General Assembly to meet in regular session for thirty legislative days in odd-numbered years, for sixty legislative days in even-numbered years, and for no more than twelve additional days during any calendar year if convened by a Joint Proclamation of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with no session of the General Assembly to extend beyond December 31; and to provide that any act passed by the General Assembly shall become law on July 1 of the year in which it was passed, or ninety days after passage and signature of the Governor, whichever occurs later, or in cases of emergency when approved by the Governor or when it otherwise becomes law under Section 88 of the Constitution?

Proposed New Section

(1) The General Assembly, in odd-numbered years, shall convene in regular session on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in January for the purpose of electing legislative leaders, adopting rules of procedure, organizing committees, and introducing and considering legislation.

(2) No regular session of the General Assembly occurring in odd-numbered years shall continue beyond thirty legislative days.

(3) No bill raising revenue or appropriating funds shall be passed by the General Assembly in a regular session in an odd-numbered year unless it shall be agreed upon by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House.

(4) The General Assembly, in even-numbered years, shall convene in regular session on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in January, and no regular session of the General Assembly in even-numbered years shall extend beyond sixty legislative days.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the General Assembly shall establish by general law or joint resolution the date the regular session shall end. No bill establishing a later date shall be passed by the General Assembly unless it shall be agreed upon by three-fifths of all the members elected to each House. No session of the General Assembly shall extend beyond December 31.

(6) In addition to a regular session, the General Assembly may be convened by Joint Proclamation of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives for no more than twelve legislative days annually, during which the General Assembly may recess from time to time as it determines necessary. Should a vacancy occur in the office of the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Joint Proclamation for the House with the vacancy may be issued by the Senate

ALL PRECINCTS

President Pro Tempore or the Speaker Pro Tempore of the House of Representatives.

(7) All sessions of the General Assembly shall be held at the seat of government, except in the case of war, insurrection, or pestilence, when it may, by Joint Proclamation of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, assemble, for the time being, elsewhere. Should a vacancy occur in the office of the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Joint Proclamation for the House with the vacancy may be issued by the Senate President Pro Tempore or the Speaker Pro Tempore of the House of Representatives.

(8) Limitations as to the length of any session of the General Assembly shall not apply to any extraordinary session under Section 80 of this Constitution or in the Senate when sitting as a court of impeachment.

(9) A legislative day shall be construed to mean a calendar day, exclusive of Sundays, legal holidays, or any day on which neither House meets.

Proposed New Section

No act, except general appropriation bills, shall become a law until July 1 of the year in which it was passed, or until ninety days after it becomes law under Section 88 of this Constitution, whichever occurs later, except in cases of emergency, when, by the concurrence of a majority of the members elected to each House of the General Assembly, by a yea and nay vote entered upon their journals, an act may become a law when approved by the Governor or when it otherwise becomes a law under Section 88; but the reasons for the emergency that justifies this action must be set out at length in the journal of each House.”

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT #1

☐ YES

☐ NO

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT #2

“Are you in favor of amending the Constitution of Kentucky by creating a new Section of the Constitution to be numbered Section 26A to state as follows: To protect human life, nothing in this Constitution shall be construed to secure or protect a right to abortion or require the funding of abortion?”

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT #2

☐ YES

☐ NO

ALL PRECINCTS